| MATHS: Shape, Sp | ace and Measure | U | U | | |
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| GEOMETRY - SHAPE | GEOMETRY – POSITION AND DIRECTION | MEASUREMENT – LENGTH/HEIGHT/WEIGHT/ TEMPERATURE | MEASUREMENT – TIME/MONEY | STATISTICS | RATIO & PROPORTION |
| Recognise and name common 2D shapes (e.g. triangles, circles, rectangles). | Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns | Compare, describe, solve and measure length/height. | Compare, describe, solve and measure time. | | |
| Recognise and name common 3D shapes (e.g. cuboids, pyramids and spheres). | Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including, movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise) | Compare, describe, solve and measure mass/weight. | Sequence events in chronological order using language | | |
| Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line | Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle | Compare, describe, solve and measure capacity and volume. | Recognise and use language relating to dates (days of the week, months of the year) | | |
| Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces | Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines | Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels | Tell the time to the hour and half past. | | |
| Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes [for example, a | Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant | Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = | Recognise and know the value of different | | |

| circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid | | | denominations of coins and notes. | | |
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| Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects | Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down | Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml) | Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value | Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables | |
| Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them | Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon | Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes | Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money | Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity | |
| Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn | Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed | Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute] | Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change | Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data | |
| Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes | Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) | Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres | Compare and sequence intervals of time | Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables | |
| Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order | Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes | Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares | Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a | Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] | |

| angles up to two right angles by size | | clock face to show these times | using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables |
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| Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations | Convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) | Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts | Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs |
| Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry | Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. | Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24- hour clocks | Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using, information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs |
| Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations | Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres. | Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight | Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph |
| Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare | Calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square | Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in | Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables |

| acute, obtuse and reflex angles | centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes. | each month, year and leap year | | |
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| Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn, angles on a straight line, other multiples of 90°. | Estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] | Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by events or tasks] | Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems | I can solve problems involving the relative sizes of 2 quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts |
| Draw given angles and measure them in degrees. | Solve problems involving converting between units of time. | Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence | Calculate and interpret the mean as an average | I can solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison |
| Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles | Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling. | Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24- hour clocks | | I can solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found |
| Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles | Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate | Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days | | I can solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples |
| Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles | Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice | | | |

| Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets | versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places Convert between miles and kilometres | | |
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| Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons | Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa | | |
| Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius | Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes | | |
| Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles | Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles | | |
| | Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres | | |

| | (m3), and extending to other units [for | | |
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| | example, mm3 and km3] | | |